

Purpose "WHY" Report

Portfolio construction insights - Why we are tilted the way we are

Purpose Macro Investment Team

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Asset Allocation tilts - Why

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Active Asset Allocation Strategic Positioning

| | House View | Underwei | ght | Neutral | c |)verweight |
|--------------|------------------------------------|----------|-----|---------|---|------------|
| Overall | Equity | | | | | |
| | Bonds | | • | | | |
| | Cash | | | | • | |
| | Diversifiers | | | | • | |
| Equities | Canada | • | | | | |
| | U.S. | | | • | | |
| | International | | | | | • |
| | Emerging Markets | | | | • | |
| | Style Allocation (Value <> Growth) | | • | | | |
| | Size (Small <> Large cap) | | | | • | |
| Fixed | Duration (Low <> High) | | | • | | |
| Income | Government | | | | • | |
| | Credit | | | • | | |
| | Credit - Investment Grade | | | | • | |
| | Credit - High Yield | | • | | | |
| | Credit - Preferreds | • | | | | |
| Diversifiers | Volatility Reduction Strategies | | | | • | |
| | Growth Strategies | | • | | | |
| | Structured Product / Yield | | | • | | |
| | Real Assets | | | • | | |
| | | Passive | | | | Active |
| Act/Pass | Management Approach | | • | | | |

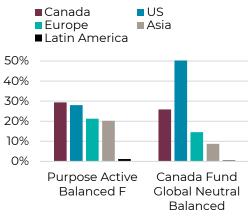
Source: Purpose Investments



Purpose Active Suite - Why Report in Action

| | Holding | Ticker | Weight |
|-----------------------|--|----------|--------|
| Cash | CAD Cash | Cad Cash | 0.0% |
| | Purpose Cash Management ETF | MNY | 4.9% |
| | Purpose USD Cash Management ETF | MNU.U | 0.3% |
| Fixed Income | BMO Aggregate Bond ETF | ZAG | 4.8% |
| | iShares Core Canadian Short Term Bd ETF | XSB | 7.9% |
| | iShares Core Canadian Corporate Bd ETF | XCB | 6.2% |
| | Mackenzie Unconstrained Bond ETF | MUB | 4.0% |
| | Purpose Global Bond ETF | BND | 4.2% |
| | BMO MT US IG Corp Bd Hdgd to CAD ETF | ZMU | 3.8% |
| Balanced | Purpose Tactical Asset Allocation ETF | RTA | 6.5% |
| North American Equity | BMO S&P/TSX Capped Composite ETF | ZCN | 4.9% |
| | Purpose Core Equity Income ETF | RDE | 12.0% |
| | Invesco S&P 500 Equal Weight ETF CAD H | EQL.F | 8.8% |
| | SPDR® S&P 500 ETF | SPY | 2.0% |
| International Equity | Purpose International Dividend ETF | PID | 5.3% |
| | iShares Core MSCI EAFE ETF | IEFA | 5.4% |
| | iShares MSCI Japan ETF | EWJ | 2.2% |
| | iShares MSCI EAFE Min Vol Factor ETF | EFAV | 5.1% |
| | Vanguard FTSE Emerging Mkts All Cap ETF | VEE | 3.2% |
| | Invesco S&P Emerging Markets Low Vol ETF | EELV | 2.0% |
| Diversifiers | Purpose Gold Bullion | KILO | 3.0% |
| | Purpose Premium Yield ETF | PYF | 3.6% |

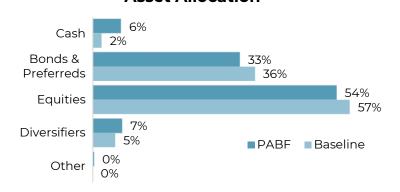
Not your average Balanced Portfolio



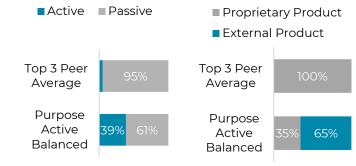
Source: Purpose Investments, Morningstar, as of September 10, 2025, Equity Exosure

Source: Holdings & exposures are for the Purpose Active Balanced Fund/ETF (PABF)

Asset Allocation



Active Where it matters, Objective Throughout



Source: Purpose Investments, Morningstar, as of Most Recent Portfolio Date, For illustrative purposes only. Peer data based on publicly available information. Investment strategies, fees, and objectives may differ.

- ➤ One-ticket solutions aligned to three risk profiles, Conservative, Balanced, and Growth, with dynamic asset allocation, not static 60/40 mixes.
- > TL Full transparency into our holdings and trade activity are always available, so you can see what you own and why you own it.
- BL Exposure goes beyond traditional stocks and bonds, with added diversifiers to improve portfolio resilience across market cycles. These allocations are active, wellthought-out tilts based on the outlook.
- TR These active tilts have our multi-asset portfolio looing very differently than peers in the category. Most notably is our meaningfully reduced exposure to US equities compared to most solutions in the category.
- BR We use active where markets are less efficient and passive where it keeps fees low. Purpose funds are capped at 40% because no firm is best at everything and no model should be built with 100% allocation to one fund company.
- The Why Report provides insight into the current positioning and active tilts within the Purpose Active Portfolios.



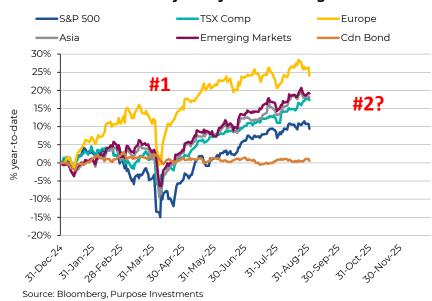
I. Top of Mind

Chart Referencing:

TL = Top Left, TR = Top Right

BL = Bottom Left, BR = Bottom Right

The 2025 journey to all-time highs



- > TL We are entering the time of year that often sees market weakness. This chart is the VIX average path during a year but the variance is high. Some confidence could be added back in as most seasonal periods of weakness in the Fall have come when economic data is weak (not the case today). Then again, coming into this season with markets at highs does make it a bit more challenging than most years. Here we go!!!
- BL Canadian banks posted solid earnings which helped share prices move higher. The good news was increased loan loss provisions due to tariff fears appear to be coming back out, helping earnings. But really, should bank valuations by almost 2 standard deviations above historical norms when Canada is posting negative GDP prints? Certainly a bit stretched.
- BR This isn't new but is noteworthy. Credit default swaps on U.S. government Treasuries (supposedly risk free) are high. Is the market starting to price in default risk for government bonds? Because Treasury yields are now incorporating a bit of risk, that is suppressing credit spreads, which may be higher than they appear.

Canadian banks nearing +2 standard deviations above



CDSs are telling us Treasury yields are not risk-free anymore



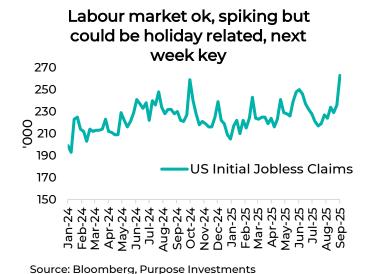
Source: Bloomberg, Purpose Investments

II. Fast Hard Data

Chart Referencing:

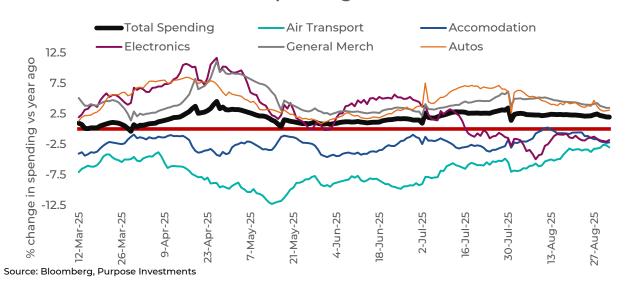
TL = Top Left, TR = Top Right

BL = Bottom Left, BR = Bottom Right



- ➤ TL We have seen some soften labour data in the monthly totals for the U.S and Canada. While somewhat concerning, given lower immigration the required number of net new jobs is also lower. Jobless claims moved higher, this is either labour day holiday related or we are starting to see more weakness.
- ➤ BL After the consumer slowed spending on travel, this seems to have somewhat recovered. A positive. However, spending on goods has slowed. Overall, the consumer is still plugging along.
- ➤ BR This is the Citigroup economic surprise indices, which remain in positive territory for most regions.
- > Kind of boring but the economy appears to be ok at the moment. Sometimes no news is good news.

US Consumer spending remains stable



The data generally remains better than consensus



III. Market Cycle – Steady with some improvement

| Market cy | <u>cle indicators</u> | | Better/ | | | | | Better/ |
|----------------------|--|----------|---------|--------------|-------------------------|------------|----------|---------|
| Grouping | <u>Metric</u> | | Worse | Grouping | <u>Metric</u> | | | Worse |
| Rates | Harris Ha | A 1978 | 0/3 Gl | obal Economy | | | 27. | 1/7 |
| | Net Cuts 🗸 | ' | - | _ | Global PMI | ✓ | | + |
| | Yield Curve | 1 | - | | Copper (6m) | ✓ | | - |
| | Yield Curve 3m | ✓ | - | | DRAM (3m) | ✓ | | - |
| US Economy | × | A 933 | 13 / 7 | | Oil (3m) | | ✓ | - |
| | Leading Ind (3m) | ✓ | + | | Commodities (3m) | | ✓ | - |
| | Leading Ind (6m) | ✓ | + | | Baltic Freight (3m) | √ | | - |
| | Phili Fed Coincident | 1 | - | | Kospi (2m) | ✓ | | - |
| | Credit (3m) | 1 | - | | EM (2m) | | ✓ | - |
| | Recession Prob (NY Fed) | ✓ | + Fu | indamentals | | *** | 277 | 7/5 |
| | Recession Prob (Clev Fed) | ✓ | | | US: PE | | √ | + |
| | Citi Eco Surprise | ' | + | | US: EPS Growth | ✓ | | - |
| | GPD Now (Atlanta Fed) | ' | + | | US: EPS 2FY v 1FY | ✓ | | + |
| | US Unemployment 💎 🗸 | ' | - | | US: 3m EPS Revision | ✓ | | + |
| | Consumer Sentiment (3m) | ' | - | | Canada: PE | | ✓ | - |
| | | | _ | | Canada: EPS Growth | ✓ | | + |
| <u>Manufacturing</u> | PMI | ✓ | + | | Canada: EPS 2FY v 1FY | ✓ | | - |
| | PMI New Orders | 1 | + | | Canada: 3m EPS Revision | ✓ | | + |
| | Energy Demand (YoY) | 1 | + | | International: PE | ✓ | | - |
| | Truck Demand (YoY) | 1 | + | | Int: EPS Growth | | ✓ | + |
| | Rail (YoY) | 1 | - | | Int: EPS 2FY v 1FY | ✓ | | + |
| | | | | | Int: 3m EPS Revision | ✓ | | - |
| <u>Housing</u> | Starts (lyr) | ' | + | | | - | | _ |
| | Months Supply (6m) | ✓ | + | | | | | |
| | Home Sales | 1 | + | | | | | |

- > Market cycle indicators have remained stable over the past month at a reasonable level.
- ➤ U.S. housing and manufacturing, which had been rather soft, have seen signs of improvement. Manufacturing went from only 2 positive to 4 out of 5. Housing which was all bearish last month is now a little better with 2 bullish out of 5. These are two of the more cyclical components of the U.S. economy, so this is good news and does cool economic slowdown fears.
- Global economic signals, which are all bullish last month, slipped a bit mainly on the commodity price front. This included oil and commodity 3-month changes turning negative.
- > Overall, decent.

Market cycle indicators - pretty good



^{*}Market Cycle indicators are comprised of over 40 indicators that have in the past proven to be a good forward-looking signal for the broader economy.

New Home Sales NAHB Mkt Activity

Source: Purpose Investments, Bloomberg

IV. Why mild underweight equities & bonds, overweight cash & diversifiers





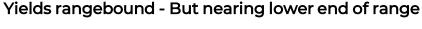


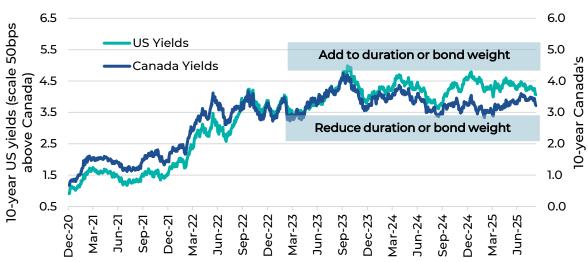
| Purpose Active Balanced | Current Position | Baseline |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Cash | 6.3% | 2% |
| Bonds | 32.6% | 36% |
| Equities | 54.1% | 57% |
| Diversifiers | 6.6% | 5% |

Equities

- Mild underweight in equities
- Markets have enjoyed strong returns year-to-date as policy uncertainty faded while economic & earnings fundamentals improved. This does have us a bit more optimistic but we fear much of yearly gains may have already been enjoyed. The risk of inflation, policy misstep or a slowing of economic activity remains. This could drive a 2nd buying opportunity for the year (top chart).
- 22-23x has proven to be a valuation ceiling for the U.S. market a number of times during the past decade plus. And while the TSX is cheaper, it is not longer cheap vs its history. We do wonder paying 16.5x for earnings increasingly coming from gold and other cyclical parts of the market will be sustained.
- > September, October:
 - > Historically a challenging time of year for markets
 - Add to this coming in near or at highs.
 - > Having more dry powder should we get a pullback seems prudent.
- After adding to U.S. equities in early April we reduced in July, clearly a bit early.
- Concern that an economic growth scare has softened, but inflation risk has risen. We are well positioned to take advantage should better buying levels present themselves. If we are wrong and market march higher, still a good amount of beta exposure as well.

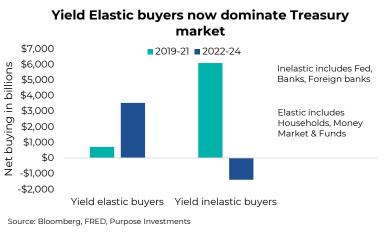
IV. Why mild underweight equities & bonds, overweight cash & diversifiers

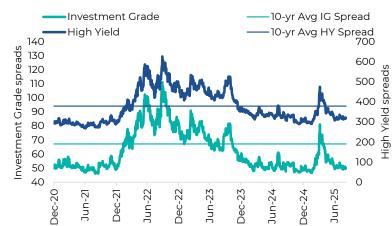




Source: Bloomberg, Purpose Investments

Credit spreads - very low, and stable





| Purpose Active Balanced | Current Position | Baseline |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Cash | 6.3% | 2% |
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Bonds

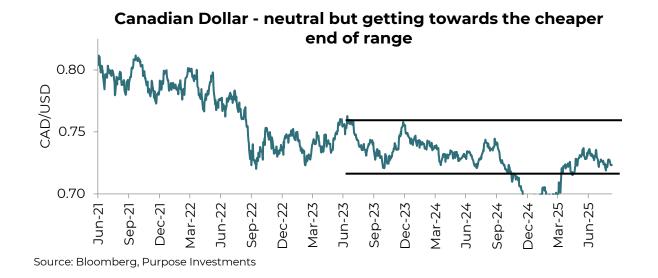
- Remain underweight on bonds, relying more on cash & diversifiers for defense. Bonds are wrestling with a balance of some rising inflation fears (bearish), rising deficit funding concerns (bearish) and slowing economic momentum (bullish).
- The economy is still the most impactful as can be seen in the recent yield drops on some softer data. This does have yields getting close to where we might consider reducing exposure or duration.
- Credit is less exciting. While spreads moved higher in early April, they are right back to pricing in little economic risk.

Cash & Diversifiers

Overweight both to enable us to be more tactical should a second period of market weakness develop.



V. Why more hedged USD



| USD is still on the expensive s |
|---------------------------------|
|---------------------------------|



Source: Bloomberg, Purpose Investments

| Purpose Active Balanced | Hedged |
|-------------------------|--------|
| % of US Equity | 56% |
| % of US Fixed Income | 61% |

- We generally do not hedge USD exposure as it is a safe haven currency which we continue to want exposure for diversification/safety reasons. Even if our longer view is for USD weakness. But sometimes the CAD weakens too much, like earlier this year and we add some hedging.
- Top CAD strength earlier this year had been more driven by USD weakness. Policy uncertainty, deficit concerns, tariffs are all combining to tarnish the greenback.
- ➤ In the last few weeks, USD has seen some strength (CAD weakness). We believe this is a counter trend move and very sensitive to what the Fed does next.
- We are still partially hedged and likely remaining so around these levels.
- Bottom Longer term we still view the USD as expensive.



VI. Why equity exposure is: 1) underweight Canada





Source: Bloomberg, Purposee Investments

16.5x valuations is not unheard of, but it is rare outside periods of depressed earnings

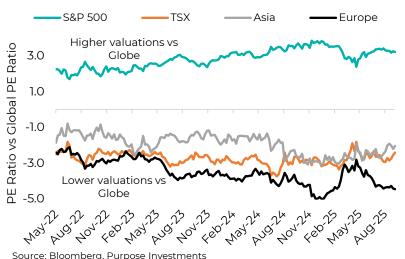


| Purpose Active Balanced | Current Position | Baseline |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Canada | 29.4% | 35% |
| United States | 28.0% | 30% |
| International | 42.6% | 35% |

- We reduced Canadian equity in early September, cashing in on strong gains year-to-date. Elevated valuations with softening economic data has given us pause.
- Even though we are a underweight, our baseline is higher than most peers. This greater baseline is a function of after-tax return considerations in which Canadian dividends carry an advantage. So a mild underweight does have us higher than peers, not that we pay much attention to what others are doing.
- The TSX has enjoyed a great year, driven by materials (led by golds) and financials (banks). Roughly 2/3rds of the TSX's near 20% year-to-date gain is from these two sectors.
- Top Golds don't care about the Canadian economy, but banks should. Bank valuations are very high (slide 6) and the economy has slowed. Further multiple expansion will prove challenging.
- TSX valuations at 16.5x is expensive, rarely seeing these levels outside periods when the more cyclical earnings drop materially (drop in earnings can lead to higher multiple).
- One big benefit has been international flows. It would seem, at the margin, flows appear to be going a bit more global, outside the U.S. Canada is getting its fair share of this and given our less liquid market, a few billion dollars can move prices higher. This trend is likely to continue, which is a positive.
- Taken all together flows are good, valuations are not and a softening economy isn't either. Hence, underweight.

VII. Why equity exposure is: 2) equal weight US

PE Ratios compared to the PE Ratio of the globe



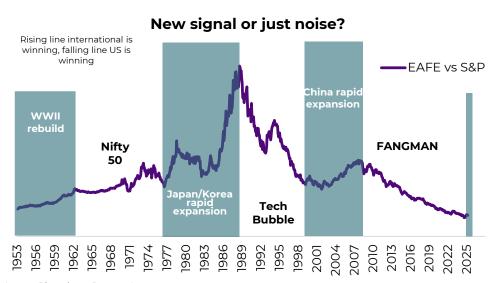




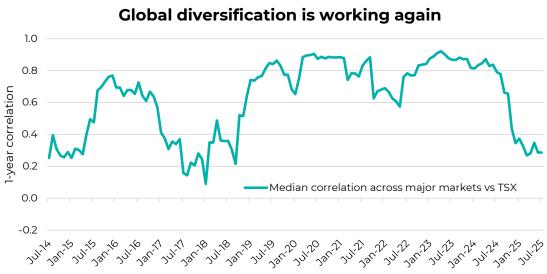
| Purpose Active Balanced | Current Position | Baseline |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Canada | 29.4% | 35% |
| United States | 28.0% | 30% |
| International | 42.6% | 35% |

- After adding to U.S. equity in early April (yay), we did trim a bit a few months back. Clearly early on the trim (boo). That did bring us to a mild underweight but a few changes among active managers lifted us back to just about market weight.
- ➤ U.S. is trading at about 22 1/2x forward estimates, which isn't too crazy. Although that has proven to be the valuation ceiling on a number of occasions going back many years. This does have the U.S. trading at premium vs other markets, not anything new. What is new is the earnings growth of other markets is narrowing the gap with the U.S. As that gap narrows, we would expect to see the valuation gap narrow as well.
- Top The valuation spread remains favoring international equities even after the recent run of outperformance.
- Bottom On a more encouraging note, earning estimates for 2026 have started to climb. This has been a positive of late given decent revisions, margins holding in and good top line (with the help of inflation).
- ➤ While we do believe the U.S. is kind of priced to perfection, there is the upside risk that Al continues to drive investor enthusiasm. That could help keep the U.S. as the leading market.

VIII. Why equity exposure is: 3) overweight International



Source: Bloomberg, Purpose Investments



| Purpose Active Balanced | Current Position | Baseline |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------|
| Canada | 29.4% | 35% |
| United States | 28.0% | 30% |
| International | 42.6% | 35% |

- > Valuations differences between countries/regions is rarely a reason to favor one over another. Bit of apples and oranges. Especially when different regions experience different earnings growth rates. But those growth rates are narrowing, which increasingly favours international.
- > Top Nobody can say for certain if a leadership change is underway, favoring international over US. But if it has started, it is just getting started and likely has legs.
- After such a long US domination of equity markets 1) its much more expensive and 2) just about every portfolio is overweight US and under internationals. Fund flows could go for years to rebalance global portfolios, even just back to a more neutral stance.
- As more governments pivot to more growth type fiscal spending, this could help boost international markets.
- ➤ Bottom As a bonus, it would seem correlations between markets have fallen after remaining high for many years. This adds a bit of an increased diversification benefit to going international.

-].

IX. Why market weight emerging markets

Valuation buffer remains with spread of 7



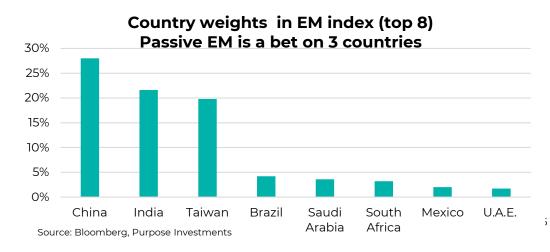
Source: Bloomberg, Purpose Investments

Emerging markets historically have been inversely correlated with the USD. Ongoing dollar weakness should benefit emerging markets



| Purpose Active Balanced | Current Position | Baseline |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------|
| Emerging Markets | 9.6% | 5% |
| Developed Markets | 90.4% | 95% |

- ➤ We became more positive on emerging markets in May '24. While risks remain, including trade war / tariff impacts and ongoing economic issues in China, there are a number of positive factors that help assuage the risks.
- > In early September we added to emerging markets using a low volatility ETF.
- > TL The valuation gap between emerging and developed markets remains historically high at about 7 points. This provides a great buffer.
- > BL Emerging is a bit of a hedge on US dollar weakness.
- ➤ BR While there are many EM nations, it is really a bet on 3. The low volatility ETF has much broader EM diversification to gain more exposure to markets outside China, India and Taiwan.
- > All together, still risks and the recent trend in earnings revisions is a concern but more optimistic than years past and we're comfortable with an allocation closer to neutral.





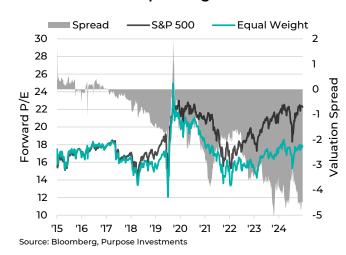
X. Why equal & market cap weight U.S. equity exposure

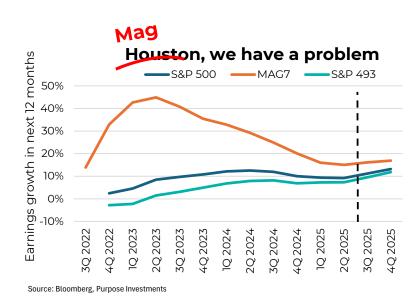
Equal weight is simply more defensive given high concentration in cap weight



Source: Bloomberg, Purpose Investments

Valuation gap still strongly favours equal weight





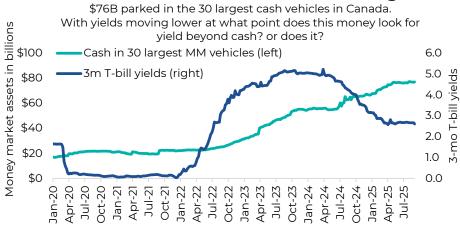
| Purpose Active Balanced | Current Position | Baseline |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------|
| US Equities | 28% | 30% |
| Equal Weight | 9% | |
| Market Cap Weight | 2% | |
| Indirect | 17% | |

- ➤ We have been tilted more towards equal weight for our U.S. exposure with a 9% weight in an equalweight ETF. That worked well in '22, less so in '23 and '24. In 2025 it has been a see saw battle back and forth.
- We continue to believe the risks in the U.S. market can be reduced by leaning a bit more equal weight within portfolio construction. Don't mistake this for a positive view on small or mid. We still prefer large cap, just more balance than cap weighted exposure.
- Top Market weakness, equal weight provides better defense as evident earlier this year. If AI boom continues, cap weight wins.
- ➢ BL Valuations gap between cap weight and equal weight is back to pretty high levels.
- BR Biggest names in S&P have some of the highest valuations, and the earnings growth is slowing back to market levels. Those valuations will be harder to maintain.
- > Sticking with equal weight tilt.



XI. Why dividends could see strong inflows

Tsunami of Cash - Where will it go?



Source: Bloomberg, Purpose Investments, sample of largest 30 money market funds & ETFs & HISAs

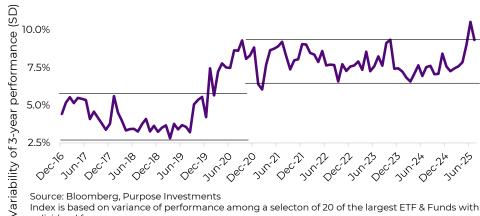
The dividend winter is over and it's getting hot!!



1/3 of equity allocation are dividend focused strategies

- > TL- There are many billions sitting in cash vehicles, accumulated over the past few years. At what point will falling yields start those dollars looking elsewhere for yield as well as a way to step back into an oversold market? Dividend factor should be a large beneficiary when this starts. It also has a history of outperforming during periods of slowing economic growth and recessions.
- Dividend offer a very good hedge against inflation.
- BL Dividend strategies saw dwindling inflows for a few years as there was yield available everywhere. But now flows are starting to turn back to dividends again.
- BR But not all dividends are being impacted the same. This has led to higher divergence among dividend strategies. Those able to adapt have done better than plain vanilla index huggers. The recent uptick in bond volatility corresponds with an increase in dividend mandate divergence.
- Look for better diversified strategies, that are more active given other variables beyond just yield appear to be driving performance.

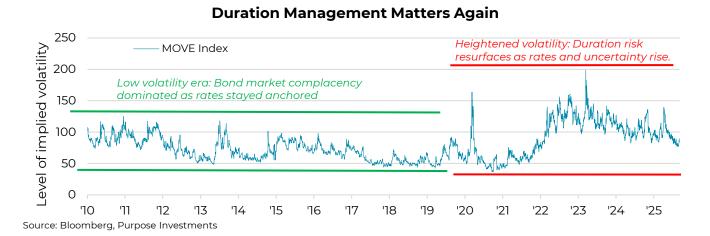
Changing yield world is leading to greater divergence among dividend strategies

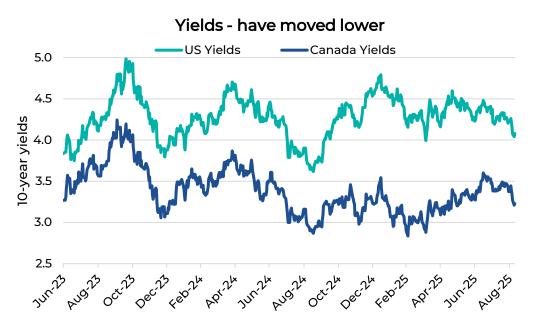


Index is based on variance of performance among a selecton of 20 of the largest ETF & Funds with



XII. Why duration of 4.8



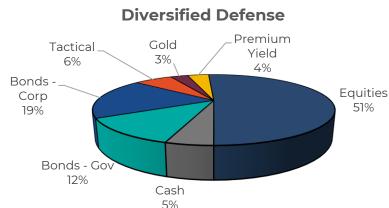


| Purpose Active Balanced | Current Position | Baseline |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------|
| Duration | 4.8 | 5.0 |

- ➤ We believe the current market, with higher inflation and yields than years past, is more challenging for the bond portion of portfolio. While still the cornerstone of defense, a more active duration management is needed.
- ➤ We are underweight bonds and reduced duration in early September as bond yields have come down. Credit quality is high, with a good allocation to government and investment grade.
- Bottom Bond yields have come down on a few soft labour reports from both the U.S. and Canada. This triggered us to reduced duration.



XIII. Why diversifying defense

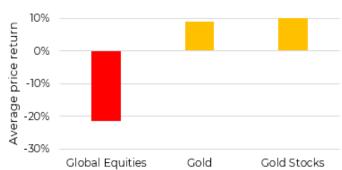


Source: Purpose Investments PABF Allocations 9 Sep 2025



Source: Purpose Investments, Bloomberg, SMA performance Sep '11 - Aug '25

How gold and gold stocks held up during market drop in past crises



| Carren | Diamondana | D | Investments |
|----------|----------------|-----------|----------------------------|
| SOURCE | BIOOMBEIO | PHILIDUSE | Investments |
| Journey. | Diccinition g, | I GIPOSC | III V C S CI I I C I I C S |

| <u>Year</u> | <u>Crisis</u> |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1990 | 1990 Recession |
| 1998 | Russian debt crisis & LTCM |
| 2000 | Tech bubble burst |
| 2008 | Credit crisis |
| 2011 | Euro debt crisis |
| 2016 | China crisis |
| 2018 | Q4 2018 sell-off |
| 2020 | Covid |
| 2022 | Inflation |
| 2025 | Trump Trade |

| Purpose Active Balanced | % of Portfolio |
|--------------------------------|----------------|
| Bond positions | 32% |
| Cash | 6% |
| Tactical | 7% |
| Premium Yield | 4% |
| Gold | 3% |
| | |

- ➤ Every correction is different, speed, magnitude, duration and the cause. The last 3 have been caused by an exogeneous shock from Covid (2020), Inflation (2022) and policy (2025).
- With more unique corrections rising in frequency, having a more diversified defensive has become more important.
- ➤ TL We diversify our bond allocation (core defense best against economic slowdowns) with other strategies including momentum (tactical), real assets (gold) yield harvesting (premium yield) and of course cash.

